to build a base of knowledge sufficient to reach consensus.

## Intervention: Incorporate academic public health practice in the academic infrastructure

Finding: Insufficient Evidence to Determine Effectivenes	ss
Potential partners to undertake the intervention  Nonprofits or local coalitions Schools or universities Health care providers State public health departments Hospitals, clinics or managed care organizations	Businesses or labor organizations  Media  Local public health departments  Policymakers  Other:
Background on the intervention: Methods of incorporating academic public health practic include: expanded use of technologies that enhance tea recruitment and joint appointment of faculty and practitic tenure and promotion systems that recognize scholarship	aching, research, and service; increased oners; and increased development of
Findings from the systematic reviews:  A consensus study found insufficient evidence to determ academic public health practice in the academic infrastructices that lack sufficient research to support effective ineffective programs. Rather, they should be recognized.	ucture within the public health field. reness should not be confused with

## Limitations/Comments:

The research cited was based on recommendations from the Council of Public Health Practice Coordinators of the Association of Schools of Public Health in a consensus study.

become evidence-based practices—if properly evaluated. Practitioners are encouraged to monitor the impact of these programs in their communities and report on their findings in order

## References:

Wright K, Nelson J, Potter M, Quill, B. Demonstrating Excellence in Academic Public Health Practice. Journal of Public Health Management and Practice 2000; 6(1):10-24.